

AT NOON

THE LEGISLATURE OF OHIO CONVENED.

MESSAGE OF GOVERNOR NASH IN FULL.

CAUCUS CHOSE CHAS. W. BAKER

For Senator in Opposition to Foraker.
Both Branches of the Legislature Organized.

Columbus, O., Jan. 6.—At noon today the Seventy-fifth general assembly of Ohio convened for organization. This was effected by the election and induction into office of the men chosen Saturday by the Republican caucuses. These are:

House—Speaker, Hon. W. S. McKinney; speaker pro tem., Hon. A. G. Comings of Lorain; clerk, C. L. McElroy of Knox; journal clerk, C. L. Williams of Jefferson; message clerk, E. W. Hughes of Clinton; engrossing clerk, L. Howard Jones (colored) of Hancock; enrolling clerk, J. C. Riley of Lawrence; recording clerk, H. E. Scott of Miami; sergeant-at-arms, Andrew Jackson of Greene; first assistant, Frank Newcomer of Lucas; second assistant, David Yarnell of Clark; third assistant, Colonel Fred Blenkner of Columbus.
Senate—President pro tem., Frank B. Archer of Belmont; chief clerk, F. E. Scobey of Miami; assistant clerk, Malcolm Jennings of Fairfield; journal clerk, L. E. St. John of Ottawa; message clerk, E. Frank Brown of Anguila; engrossing clerk, ex-Senator Blake of Columbiana; enrolling clerk, Richard Lynch of Mahoning; recording clerk, L. S. Pardee of Summit; sergeant-at-arms, William King of Union; first assistant, J. M. Beckett of Franklin; second assistant, Henry W. Moody of Medina; third assistant, Edward Leslie of Marion; fourth assistant, B. F. Sullivan of Stark; fifth assistant, Frank Watts of Highland.
In opposition to these the Democrats presented the names of the men chosen at their caucuses Saturday night. The name of C. M. L. Brumbaugh of Darke was presented for speaker of the house.
The Democratic members of the Legislature at their caucus Saturday night voted to support Hon. Charles W. Baker for Senator in opposition to Senator J. B. Foraker.
The message of Governor Nash was read in both branches. The full text of the Governor's message appears on page two of today's Advocate.

To Build a Town.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Uncle Sam is going to build a town. It will be constructed at Olongapo, on Subig Bay, Philippine islands. Such action is believed to be necessary in order to provide labor for the island.
SETH LOW'S MESSAGE.
New York, Jan. 6.—Seth Low's first message as Mayor was the briefest ever written by a New York Mayor. The Mayor asserted vehemently that not one cent would be necessary for administration protection in any city department or by any citizen. He promised investigation and punishment to all who offered protection in exchange for money.

The Boers' Stand.

Amsterdam, Jan. 6.—The Boer leaders here are holding daily conferences. After one of these meetings, Boer Agent Wessel said to your correspondent: "If we are forced to it, we should certainly cede territory. But we will not surrender our sovereign independence in what is left."

THE SCHLEY CASE.

Washington, Jan. 6.—Rear Admiral Winfield Scott Schley conferred with President Roosevelt for nearly an hour today. The President requested Admiral Schley to come to the White House for the purpose of asking him to kill the Schley-Sampson controversy. As a result, it is understood, that there will be no civil action against the publishers of Malley's book. The President is determined that the imbroglio cease.

Miss Knight and Duke.

London, Jan. 6.—The trial of the case of Miss Portia Knight, the actress who is suing the Duke of Manchester for breach of promise, has been set for next week.

FRENCH CAPTAIN

Thinks Lookout on Walla Walla Was Drunk—Capt. Hall Says Charge is Absurd.

San Francisco, Jan. 6.—With bowsprit tore away and her bows crushed, the French bark Max was towed in port last night by the revenue cutter McCullough. Captain Robert Benoist in command of the Max, today says that all the signal lights on the Max were brightly burning and that he could see the Walla Walla a long time before the collision. "We could not prevent the accident," said he. "The steamer came right for us, paying no attention to our signals. I saw the lookout on the Walla Walla resting his head on his hands. I think he was in a drunken sleep."

Captain Hall of the Walla Walla, says the charges of Capt. Benoist are absurd; that three men were on lookout and it is against all rules of the company to have liquor aboard.

Germans Not Pleased.

London, Jan. 6.—The Kaiser's message regarding the christening of his new yacht by Miss Alice Roosevelt, was received by the Germans with reticence which was nothing short of criticism.

COLLIDED

During a Fog and Many Were Drowned. Another Heavy Disaster at Sea.

Liverpool, Jan. 6.—(Bulletin.)—A telegram reports that the steamers Alfonso and Bullero Espanola collided during a fog today, 100 miles south of Finisterre. Both steamers foundered and all on board the Alfonso with the exception of her captain were lost. The Alfonso's crew consisted of 19 Liverpool men.

Signing Commissions.

Washington, Jan. 6.—President Roosevelt will have to sign his name 1,800 times within the next few days. This will be necessary in filling out the commissions of that number of army officers.

THE POPE'S CONDITION.

London, Jan. 6.—A dispatch from Rome says the Pope is in a state of incredible weakness as a result of the diplomatic receptions held during the past four days. It added that the "Pontiff is not really ill, but only just alive."

"CZAR" REED MAY ENTER CABINET

RUMOR CONNECTS EX-SPEAKER WITH HAY'S PLACE.

A Close Friend of Roosevelt—Aided to Make Him Assistant Secretary of the Navy.

Washington, Jan. 6.—It is rumored in capital circles that Thomas B. Reed may return to public life as a member of the cabinet. Several years ago Reed and Roosevelt were very friendly, and the speaker of the House had something to do with getting Roosevelt the position of assistant secretary of the navy, a place that he very much desired.

Now that rumor has credited Secretary of State Hay with an intention to resign at an early date, in pursuance of an understood policy among a majority of the cabinet officers that the new President should be allowed to gradually select a new cabinet, Reed's name is persistently connected with the place.

When Reed retired from Congress and the post of power as speaker of the House, he gave as his reason the fact that he was a poor man and that who wanted to practice law to lay up a fortune in large fees and speculation. His mind easy about his financial condition, the former speaker is said to be now ready to become a part of the Government again.

SUED

FOR THOUSANDS BY HIS SON'S SWEETHEART.

SENSATIONAL ACTION BEGUN IN KNOX COUNTY.

THE MAYOR OF DANVILLE, OHIO.

Is Defendant in Suit Instituted by Pretty Miss Durbin—Son is a College Boy.

Mt. Vernon, O., Jan. 6.—Ex-Representative Andrew J. Workman of this county, who is at present mayor of the village of Danville, was made defendant in a sensational suit for damages for alleged defamation of character. The complainant is Miss Grace Durbin of Pioneer, Ohio, who came to Danville several months ago on a visit. The suit grows out of the infatuation of Elmer Workman, a son, for the young lady, and the displeasure of the father over the young man's action.

When Miss Durbin first came to Danville she chanced upon the train that carried Elmer Workman, a Kenyon college student, to his home which ripened into a more serious affair on the young man's part. He began to pay assiduous attention and when the school duties interfered with his presence he communicated his love in billets-doux that fairly sizzled with passion. When Workman pater learned all this he was highly indignant and concluded to drive the fair charmer from the village.

Learned that his son was present at the home where Miss Durbin is visiting he called, and is alleged to have demanded that his son accompany him. Then, turning to Miss Durbin and her companion, he is charged with saying: "I want to tell you girl, (addressing plaintiff), to shake the dust of Danville from your feet by tomorrow night or suffer the consequences." He is also charged with having uttered other charges.

This action produced a sensation in the village and soon the citizens were taking sides in the affair. A collision of the partisans occurred one day and one of the participants planted a pretty fist through a window pane in an endeavor to inflict injury upon an opponent. Miss Durbin and her companion were thereupon arrested by Mayor Workman and bound over to the grand jury, but were released on bond. Miss Durbin complains that Workman by his actions has caused her to be subjected to the charge of being an unchaste woman and has caused her much humiliation. For all this she asks \$10,000 damages. All the parties to the case are prominent. Miss Durbin is connected with some of the leading families of the eastern part of the county.

THE LATE EDW. MINGES.

I became acquainted with Edward Mingis who died last week, and the acquaintance ripened into imperishable friendship. He was honest to the heart, kind, pleasant, gentle, agreeable, a man of integrity, of high moral character, strong in his convictions, and devotion to duty, always willing to lend a helping hand whenever he could, but the swift winged messenger of death came and the immortal left the mortal to cleave to the ethereal realms and to be with Him who gave it. His friend.

I. N. MILBURN.

Summit Station, O., Jan. 6, 1902.

Attend a Banquet.

In response to an invitation received some time ago, on the number of the members of the Newark Builders and Trades Exchange, went over to Columbus this afternoon to attend the tenth annual banquet of the Columbus Builders and Trades Exchange, which will be held this evening in the Great Southern Hotel. Among those who are members of the Newark Exchange and who went over to attend the banquet are Messrs. P. S. Phillips, James D. Linn, A. N. Banton, Henry Sayres, Wesley Montgomery and others.

The products annually about \$10,000,000 of gold.

ZANESVILLE

Was "Closed" Sunday, but it Will be Tighter Than Ever Next Sabbath Day.

Zanesville, Jan. 6.—Never before within the memory of the oldest inhabitant was Zanesville as dry as Sunday. Because Judge Frazier put the leading saloon keepers under bond for a year to keep their saloons closed on Sunday, the saloonkeepers through Mayor Holden and Chief Tracy retaliated on the common Sunday law violators and Sunday it was impossible to buy a cigar or get into a drug store without a prescription. Fruitstands, soda fountains and candy and tobacco stores were all closed. The Mayor declares that next Sunday he will stop the street cars, milk wagons and the sale of newspapers.

CARTER

IS DENIED WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS.

SUPREME COURT DECIDES OLEO-MARGARINE CASE.

THE SUPREME COURT IS UPHELD.

The Product Must be Conspicuously Labeled and Delivered as Oleomargarine.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The U. S. Supreme Court this afternoon denied the application of ex-Captain Oberlin M. Carter, convicted of the Savannah harbor frauds for a writ of habeas corpus.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The Supreme Court of the United States today affirmed the judgment of the Supreme Court of Ohio in the ouster proceedings against the Capital City Dairy Company, makers of oleomargarine. The decision of the lower court was against the company and with the affirmation of the United States Supreme Court will have the effect practically of driving the concern out of business. The opinion of the Supreme Court by implication upholds all the state laws which prohibit the sale of oleomargarine unless it is conspicuously labeled as such and delivered to consumers as such.

MRS. SADIE WILSON.

Mrs. Sadie Wilson, wife of Mr. John Wilson, a prominent citizen of Union Station, died at her home in that place at 7 o'clock on Sunday morning after an illness of three weeks with peritonitis. The funeral will take place on Tuesday morning at 11 o'clock from the Licking Baptist church, Rev. C. A. Harford officiating, and the interment will be made in the Licking cemetery. The deceased was 26 years old and was a daughter of Thomas Williams of Union township. She leaves to mourn her death a devoted husband, a little step-daughter, a father, one sister, and two brothers. Mrs. Wilson was a good Christian woman, and her death will be sincerely deplored.

LARGE

Congregations Greeted Evangelist Everts at Three Services Held Here on Sunday.

Large congregations greeted Evangelist Everts in three services on the Sabbath at the Baptist church. The discourses were searching appeals to Christian people to meet their responsibility to God and men, by Christ-like living and personal effort for the salvation of souls.

Mr. Everts is a pleasing speaker and very direct in the presentation of gospel truth. The Sabbath day was an encouraging beginning of the new year.

The music was a marked feature of all the services and very enjoyable to the audience. Mr. Everts is a sincere and earnest worker and an accomplished pianist.

BATTLE

FOR LIFE OF A WEALTHY MAN

WHO KILLED HIS WIFE LAST SPRING IN ILLINOIS

BEGINS AT BLOOMINGTON TODAY.

Prisoner Pleads Emotional Insanity. He Made a Brutal Assault on the Woman.

Bloomington, Ill., Jan. 6.—A hot legal battle for the life of a husband accused of murder to be waged in the Morgan county Circuit court began today. Merritt Chism, a wealthy farmer residing ten miles northwest of this city, who killed his wife May 12 last, was put on trial today.

Chism, who is worth a quarter of a million dollars has engaged five leading criminal lawyers and will plead emotional insanity. The Chisms quarrelled on Sunday morning of the killing, but when Mrs. Chism and her two daughters clambered into a buggy to start for church the husband came out of the house to effect a reconciliation.

A chance remark by his wife so infuriated him that he dragged her from the buggy and with his knife hacked her body in many places. Hoping to save the life of his mother, Harvey, the son of Mrs. Chism by a former marriage, rushed up with a baseball bat in his hand. Chism wrested the bat from the lad and then with this weapon finished the attack. The skull of the prostrate woman was split in two. Chism attempted to drown himself in the well, but the well had gone dry. He then walked to Bloomington and gave himself up.

WILL ACCEPT

AND LOCATE IN NEWARK ON THE FIRST OF MARCH.

Rev. Mr. Van Fossen Conducted Services Sunday at Trinity Episcopal Church Here.

Several weeks ago the vestry of Trinity Episcopal church extended a unanimous call to Rev. George Van Fossen of Shenandoah, Pa. to accept the vacant rectorate of that church resigned some time ago by Rev. F. B. Nash.

Rev. Mr. Van Fossen was in Newark Sunday and conducted services morning and evening, at which time he preached two interesting and able sermons.

He signified to the vestry that he would accept the call tendered to him, and will begin his parsonal duties the first of March.

A Big Loan.

New York, Jan. 6.—John D. Rockefeller loaned \$100,000 on stock exchange Saturday through the National City Bank. This is the largest loan made for several months. The money represented dividends amounting to 5 per cent stock of Standard Oil company which is capitalized at \$100,000,000.

KILLED IN EXPLOSION.

Eric Pa. Jan. 6.—An explosion at the pumping station of the Pennsylvania Gas company at Ludlow, a suburb, today resulted in the death of A. B. Lester, and injuring engineer Lacey and Frank Goff. The building was wrecked and the gas pumps destroyed. Ten thousand families are today without gas.

DEATH OF A CHILD.

John Linke, the 3-year-old son of Mrs. Cora Linke died at the home of his mother 114 Grant avenue, at 8 o'clock this morning of membranous croup. Mrs. Linke is a widow with several other small children to support, and is taking in washing. The case is in the hands of the coroner.

SENSATIONAL

Statement Regarding Bishop Potter and Dr. Rainsford by a Prominent Prohibitionist.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Jan. 6.—W. M. Smith, the famous tough drop manufacturer and prohibitionist speaking before an indignation meeting at the Poughkeepsie temperance society last night said: "I would like to put Bishop Potter and Rev. Dr. Rainsford in a roof together, stick my fingers in their faces and gouge their eyes out. I would take this method of bringing them back to common sense and to the Lord."

CRIME RAMPANT

Armed Citizens to Patrol the Streets of the City of Denver—Committee of Safety.

Denver, Jan. 6.—This city will present a decidedly martial aspect if plans adopted at a mass meeting of citizens are carried out, and the temper of the meeting would indicate that they will be. Because of the many crimes that have been committed here in the past year or two, which have brought terror to Denver residents, the latter have organized a committee of safety for the purpose of protecting the people against criminals. The streets are to be patrolled during the night by armed citizens, who will be expected to keep the town free of the criminal class. All persons on the streets at night will be expected to give an account of themselves when called upon, and failing to satisfy the challenger of the sufficiency of their reasons for being abroad, will be arrested.

An Insane Princess.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—Princess Louise, the eccentric daughter of King Leopold of Belgium, who was divorced from her husband, Prince Philip of Sax-Coburg-Gotha, and who has been held practically a prisoner in retreat near Dresden for the last two years, has been pronounced hopelessly insane. Her daughter, Princess Dorothea, was married to Ernest Genthier, Duke of Schleswig-Holstein, brother of the present Emperor of Germany, and his sister, Princess Stephanie, was the wife of the Archduke Rudolph of Austria, who committed suicide.

Lost in New York.

New York, Jan. 6.—The police sent out a general alarm telling of the disappearance of Allan Mallory, 10, son of Charles Mallory, a Chicago stock broker. Mrs. Mallory and the boy were on their way from Chicago to Boston to visit relatives. Stopping over here, Mrs. Mallory went shopping with Allan and lost track of him. Private search having failed, the police were asked to take the case and a telegram was sent to Mr. Mallory.

IN GAY ATTIRE

Peking is Awaiting the Arrival of the Chinese Court at the Capital of the Empire.

Peking, Jan. 6.—The Chinese capital on the eve of the court's return, presents an animated and gaudy scene never before witnessed in its history. All the palaces, pagodas and temples have been repaired and painted to form a glittering spectacle. The roofs of these buildings, viewed from the city walls, are patches of shining, yellow tiles and brick. The walls about the imperial city are a vivid crimson and the gates have been repaired and gilded. On the towers above the Chien Men gate stands a gorgeous structure of wood, cloth and paper, with a yellow painted dragon entwined about the massive cloth pillars. Hundreds of Chinese officials clad in furs and embroidered silks ride about the streets of Peking, and foreign soldiers, bent upon sightseeing, roam everywhere. Thousands of new soldiers from the province of Shan Tung, who are finely uniformed and equipped with modern weapons, entered Peking and marched through the city streets.

Jews and Palestine. Chicago, Jan. 6.—Impetus to the movement to establish the Jewish race once more in Palestine was given at a mass meeting of Zionists at the Midway Temple theater. Two thousand Jews and Hebrews, for the most part supporters of the plan to open again the promised land for the chosen people, crowded the hall. The meeting was in connection with the annual convention of western Zionists, whose organization embraces 10 states. The plan made up at the Basel, Switzerland convention was outlined by Leo Zolotoff, grand master of the Knights of Zion, who said that the Jews were to create a legally assured home for the Jews and a refuge for the Jews who can not be assimilated by the people among whom they now live.

Germany now has a steamship service between Hamburg and Manila.

LOVE

WORKED THE CHANGE WHERE SCIENCE FAILED.

DIVORCED WIFE AFTER 30 YEARS APPEARED.

MR. THURSTON WAS INSANE.

But the Sight of the Woman Restored His Reason—Second Wedding Followed.

Fort Scott, Kan., Jan. 6.—Love worked a subtle change on the mind of D. W. Thurston, which medical science was powerless to encompass. Thurston is about 70 years of age. Recently he became insane and was on the eve of his departure for the state insane asylum when his divorced wife, from whom he had been separated more than 30 years, arrived. His mind became clear at the sight of her, and he is now entirely recovered. The woman, whose name had become Mrs. Sarah Maycumber, had been a widow for fourteen years and Thurston's second wife had been dead about the same length of time. Saturday they remarried.

AT Y. M. C. A.

Address Sunday Afternoon by Evangelist Everts—An Interesting and Helpful Meeting.

The two o'clock meeting at the Y. M. C. A. hall on Sunday afternoon was conducted by Secretary Percy. There was a large gathering of men and an interesting meeting was held, after which they adjourned to attend in a body the men's meeting at the Baptist church at 3:30 o'clock. The Y. M. C. A. male chorus led the singing, and rendered one selection and the Y. M. C. A. quartette rendered two songs. Before the address by Evangelist C. L. Everts, the Evangelist played "Nearer My God to Thee" on the zither, after which the audience of men joined in the singing.

The address by Mr. Everts was directed to Christian men, endeavoring to point out their duties as Christian men through the work in Newark. Mr. Everts made a strong and interesting appeal to the men, the address being enlivened with many bright anecdotes and stories. At the close many of the men present pledged themselves to earnest Christian work during the series of meetings.

A large mass meeting will be held in Taylor Hall on next Sunday afternoon, and will be addressed by Evangelist Everts, and all men of Newark will be given an opportunity of hearing him.

BALL OF TWINE

IS SWALLOWED BY A PLAYFUL KITTEN.

Young Man Draw Thirty-Seven Feet of Wrapping Cord Out of the Kitten's Mouth.

A comical sight to the persons who witnessed it, but an exceedingly uncomfortable situation for the kitten, was that seen at Frank Thome's stand at the corner of West Main and Third streets Monday morning.

The kitten, a playful Maltese, was left inside when the place was closed up Sunday night, and as was its habit, was sitting on the show case, when Leo Meyers came to open up in the morning. He noticed that the kitten had the pendant end of a ball of twine suspended above the show case, in its mouth.

He tried to pull it away and kept pulling and pulling, foot after foot, from the kitten's mouth until he had taken out 37 feet of twine.

She had evidently been playing with the twine and getting it in her mouth had endeavored to bite it off, and at each effort had swallowed some of the string.

The unfortunate animal appeared much relieved at first, but has been quite sick all day.

The chap who starts in an attic may still be a high liver.

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END OF THE DISGRACEFUL FIGHT

The end of the most disgraceful political squabble known in Ohio annals came Saturday afternoon. The result is called a draw between the Hanna and Foraker factions—the former securing the organization of the House and the latter the Senate. But from the standpoint of a disinterested outsider it looks as if your Uncle Marcus won the greater victory. The speaker of the House was the great contention and McKinnon, the Hanna candidate, won over Price, the Foraker candidate, by a vote in the caucus of 38 to 30.

Of course all Democrats looked on the shameful spectacle that has been so conspicuous at Columbus for weeks with perfect indifference. The great wonder is that the decent people of Ohio can have any toleration for the bosses and party leaders who participated in this scandalous factional squabble.

HON. CHARLES W. BAKER.

The nomination of Hon. Charles W. Baker, of Cincinnati, for United States Senator by the Democratic Legislative caucus on Saturday night, was a well deserved compliment. The Advocate predicted in the campaign last fall that Mr. Baker would be the Democratic caucus nominee for United States Senator. As a man of ability and all that goes to make up the highest qualification for eminence in the American Senate there is no man in Ohio of either party who is the equal of Charles W. Baker.

SCHLEY'S EXPENSES.

A bill will be introduced to provide for the payment of Admiral Schley's recent expenses by congress. The bill ought to pass.

However Americans may differ about the relative merits of the participants in the battle of Santiago, they will agree that the application of the terms "coward" and "calf" to Admiral Schley and the implied imputation of treason also in a volume introduced by authority at Annapolis left the accused sailor no alternative but application for inquiry into the facts. That those epithets and that imputation were scurrilous, unfounded and infamous is no longer denied even by those who think Sampson entitled to greater credit than Schley for defeat of the Spaniards.

Peremptory dismissal of the author of the libelous volume by order of the president accentuates the disgust with which even opponents of Schley contemplate now the partial ruin the miserable agent of the navy clique, McClay, accomplished with the connivance of the admiral's enemies in the navy department.

Is it decent under the circumstances to make Schley meet the cost of purging the literature of the navy of an infamous aspersion upon its record? For the entire navy is involved if such epithets can be lodged successfully in an official work against one of the admirals.

It is one of the defects of our judicial system that the innocent must bear the cost of defending themselves against malice or the legal consequences of misfortune. Congress is free to make the appropriation required to reimburse Admiral Schley for the expenditures he was compelled to incur in order to remove a stain from the navy and from his own name.

Action to this end should be prompt and unanimous.

Some people say they have no time for rest, they have so much to do, not thinking they are rapidly unfitting themselves for probably what would have been their best and greatest work in after years. Self-control of nerve force is the great lesson of health and therefore of life itself. To understand how to relax is to understand how to strengthen nerves. Relaxation is found in diversion. Overstrained people should begin early in the new year to turn over a new leaf in this matter.

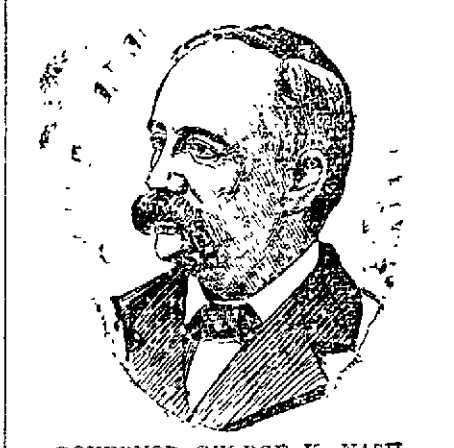
NASH'S MESSAGE.

Affairs of State as Viewed By the Governor of Ohio.

Legislation Recommended—Revision of Tax Laws is Urged—The State Institutions—Full Text of Governor Nash's Message to the Legislature.

Columbus, O., Jan. 6.—Governor Nash communicated to the general assembly of Ohio, immediately after its organization, his annual message.

Probably the most vital question raised by the governor in his message relates to a revision of the tax laws of the state. The governor recommends that the system of taxing lands for state revenues be abolished, which would also dispense with the expense of the decennial state board of equalization. Governor Nash also re-



GOVERNOR GEORGE K. NASH.

ates his policy of publicity in dealing with corporations and suggests a plan for deriving additional revenues from corporations for state purposes. Following is the message in full:

To the General Assembly:
The duty I imposed upon the governor by the constitution of communicating to you, by message, the condition of the state, and recommending such measures as may seem expedient. As the last session of the Seventy-fourth general assembly closed on the 10th of April, 1901, it is necessary that the affairs of the state should be reviewed for a period of time extending from the 10th of November, 1899, to the 10th of November, 1901.

Review of Finances.
Owing to the providence of the last general assembly in making appropriations, and the carefulness of executive officers in expending them, the financial condition of the state is in a satisfactory condition.

On the 10th of November, 1899, the balance in the state treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund was \$1,022,629.45. During the next fiscal year, and prior to the close of business on the 10th day of November, 1900, there was paid to the credit of this fund by county treasurers, on account of the levy upon the general duplicate of the state \$2,263,399.29, and there was received from the other resources of the state the sum of \$2,692,158.81, making the total sum of \$5,984,187.44 available for general revenue purposes.

From this fund there was transferred during the year the sum of \$200,000 to the sinking fund. The reason for this transfer was this: during the Spanish-American war a very large sum of money was expended by the state in arming and equipping her soldiers for that service. The greater part of this sum was paid out of the general revenue fund, but the commission of the sinking fund had borrowed the sum of \$200,000, which was also so used. When the government of the United States made good the expenditures thus made, the money was paid into the state treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund, when, in fact, \$200,000 ought to have been placed in the credit of the sinking fund, with which to pay the fore-said debt of the state. For this reason the transfer was made. During the year the sum of \$4,904,708.96 was paid from the revenue fund in discharge of the general expenses of the state government.

This left a balance in the treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund at the close of business on the 10th of November, 1901, amounting to \$1,151,217.48. The total receipts of this fund during the fiscal year ending November 10, 1901, amounted to \$5,272,177.87.

From county treasurers \$2,263,399.29, and from other sources \$2,703,888.61, making the total sum available during the year for general revenue purposes \$4,967,287.90. The amount paid from the revenue fund during this fiscal year was \$3,196,720.99, and the balance to its credit at the close of business on the 10th day of November, 1901, was \$1,770,566.91.

Increased Expenses.
During the last fiscal year the sum of \$2,190,149.16 in excess of the previous year was actually paid for expenses of the state government. This increase was caused by obligations paid during the last year which did not exist in the previous year, as follows:

The new building upon the capitol grounds was completed, and the sum of \$74,572.14 was paid thereon. In excess of the previous year.

The transfer was furnished therefor, amounting to \$24,897.

A new heating and ventilating system for the old state house was authorized, and cost \$40,000.

The salaries of the judicial officers were paid for to the extent of \$2,024,000. The salaries of the decennial board of equalization amounted to \$23,770.96.

The expenses of the commissioners of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo amounted to \$27,135.

The expenses of the topographic survey were \$23,872.

The salaries and expenses of the office of the fire marshal were \$20,277.97. Total, \$2,500,000.

The per diem and mileage of the members of the general assembly and its committees during the year ending on the 10th day of November, 1901, was \$1,000,000, and the sum of \$1,000,000 was paid for the same during the last year.

The expenses of the board of education, and benevolent associations of the state were \$1,000,000 greater by the sum of \$100,000 during the past year than they were during the preceding year.

Increases in expenditures were made in other directions, so that the total increase of expenses paid during the last year over the sum stated by me at the close of the last session was \$2,190,149.16.

Condition of Sinking Fund.
This fund is to be used for the purpose of paying the interest on the state debt, and the principal of the same. The principal of the state debt is \$1,000,000, and the interest thereon is \$100,000. The total receipts of this fund for the year ending on the 10th day of November, 1901, were \$1,151,217.48, and the \$200,000 transferred from the general revenue fund on account of the war will be paid to the sinking fund.

The fund during the year was \$223,245.63, including \$200,000 paid in reduction of the funded debt.

The balance to the credit of this fund on the 10th of November, 1900, was \$207,274.63. The receipts during the year for the sinking fund amounted to \$277,500, being the amount available on account of the levy made upon the real and personal property of the state for this fund during the year. The total receipts, including balance, for the year 1900, were \$774,024.63. The total disbursements during the year were \$550,776.72, including a payment of \$250,000 upon the funded debt, and the balance at the end of the year was \$223,245.63.

School and University Funds.
The balance in the treasury November 10th, 1901, to the credit of this fund was \$100,000.15, and the receipts during the year, principally from the levy upon the grand duplicate, were \$1,000,000.15. The total fund available for this purpose was \$1,100,000.15. The balance to the credit of the fund November 10, 1901, was \$75,124.56, and the disbursements were \$1,751,124.56.

The receipts during the following year, including the balance, were \$1,000,000.15. This was all expended for the purposes of the fund except \$12,500.71, the balance in the treasury November 10, 1901.

The balance in the treasury Nov. 10, 1901, was \$384,229.50. The amount received from county treasurers during the year ending on the 10th of November, 1901, on account of taxes, was \$384,229.50. The total amount available during the year was \$448,000.00. The balance remaining on the 10th day of November, 1901, was \$53,770.50, and there was paid during the year for the benefit of the universities named in the preceding paragraph the sum of \$394,229.50.

Cost of State Government.
The following table shows the total cost of the state government for the two years ending Nov. 10, 1900, and Nov. 10, 1901, respectively:

	1900.	1901.
General expenses	\$2,190,149.16	\$2,500,000.00
Interest	\$23,770.96	\$23,770.96
County schools	\$1,751,124.56	\$1,751,124.56
Universities	\$394,229.50	\$394,229.50
Total	\$4,359,274.18	\$4,699,125.12

No Need of Increased Revenue.
I can see no good reason why the expenditures to be made by the state during the ensuing two years should be larger than they have been during the last two years, and there is no necessity for increasing the revenue of the state for the purpose of meeting the needs of the state during this time.

In reply to this assertion it may be said that there is a necessity for constructing new buildings for the accommodation of the institutions which are under the care of the state. This, I think, is true, but it should be remembered that during the last year permanent improvements were made, costing more than \$700,000. Thus it will be seen that the money needed to be raised for the purpose of constructing new buildings, and for without increasing the amount of money to come into the state treasury next year. Even if our system of taxation should remain as it is now, the rate of taxation could be reduced by this general assembly.

On account of the reduction of the funded debt of the state on the 1st of July, next, by the sum of \$250,000, and of its sinking fund, which will result in a saving of \$100,000, and the consequent reduction in payments for interest, the present levy for sinking fund purposes, which is \$140 of one mill on each dollar of valuation of the state, will be reduced to \$130 of one mill, or to \$13,000 of one mill. This reduction is imperative, because if it is not made, money will be paid into the state treasury to the credit of the sinking fund, which will be paid out of the revenue fund in discharge of the general expenses of the state government.

This left a balance in the treasury to the credit of the general revenue fund at the close of business on the 10th of November, 1901, amounting to \$1,151,217.48. The total receipts of this fund during the fiscal year ending November 10, 1901, amounted to \$5,272,177.87.

From county treasurers \$2,263,399.29, and from other sources \$2,703,888.61, making the total sum available during the year for general revenue purposes \$4,967,287.90. The amount paid from the revenue fund during this fiscal year was \$3,196,720.99, and the balance to its credit at the close of business on the 10th day of November, 1901, was \$1,770,566.91.

Increased Expenses.
During the last fiscal year the sum of \$2,190,149.16 in excess of the previous year was actually paid for expenses of the state government. This increase was caused by obligations paid during the last year which did not exist in the previous year, as follows:

The new building upon the capitol grounds was completed, and the sum of \$74,572.14 was paid thereon. In excess of the previous year.

The transfer was furnished therefor, amounting to \$24,897.

A new heating and ventilating system for the old state house was authorized, and cost \$40,000.

The salaries of the judicial officers were paid for to the extent of \$2,024,000. The salaries of the decennial board of equalization amounted to \$23,770.96.

The expenses of the commissioners of the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo amounted to \$27,135.

The expenses of the topographic survey were \$23,872.

The salaries and expenses of the office of the fire marshal were \$20,277.97. Total, \$2,500,000.

The per diem and mileage of the members of the general assembly and its committees during the year ending on the 10th day of November, 1901, was \$1,000,000, and the sum of \$1,000,000 was paid for the same during the last year.

The expenses of the board of education, and benevolent associations of the state were \$1,000,000 greater by the sum of \$100,000 during the past year than they were during the preceding year.

Increases in expenditures were made in other directions, so that the total increase of expenses paid during the last year over the sum stated by me at the close of the last session was \$2,190,149.16.

Condition of Sinking Fund.
This fund is to be used for the purpose of paying the interest on the state debt, and the principal of the same. The principal of the state debt is \$1,000,000, and the interest thereon is \$100,000. The total receipts of this fund for the year ending on the 10th day of November, 1901, were \$1,151,217.48, and the \$200,000 transferred from the general revenue fund on account of the war will be paid to the sinking fund.

amounted during the last year to \$2,002,000.00.

Of this last sum, \$384,229.50 were paid for food products consumed by the inmates and permanent employees of the institutions. The remainder, \$1,617,770.50, was paid for the salaries of officers, teachers, attendants and guards, and all the other ordinary expenses.

The Per Capita Cost.
In order to show the per capita cost of these institutions in detail, I append the following table:

Institution	No. of Inmates	Total Cost	Per Capita Cost
Ashtabula State Hospital	125	\$31,821	\$254.57
Cleveland State Hos.	175	\$51,811	\$295.49
Columbus State Hos.	201	\$55,061	\$273.93
Dayton State Hos.	125	\$37,577	\$300.65
Lourensville State Hos.	121	\$37,022	\$305.97
Massillon State Hos.	125	\$48,148	\$384.80
Toledo State Hos.	232	\$74,377	\$320.60
Hospital for Epileptics	118	\$62,490	\$529.57
Asylum for Feeble-Minded Youth	212	\$30,770	\$145.13
Asylum for Deaf and Dumb	75	\$47,147	\$628.63
Asylum for Blind	42	\$41,214	\$981.29
O. S. & S. O. Home	177	\$9,354	\$52.85
O. S. & S. Home (Sandy)	180	\$70,193	\$390.52
Boys' Industrial Sch.	42	\$52,142	\$124.15
Girls' Industrial Hos.	41	\$47,112	\$114.88
Ohio Reformatory	118	\$60,881	\$515.94
O. S. Reformatory	25	\$38,287	\$1,531.48

The daily average number of inmates during the year was 15,885, an increase of the previous year of 224, and the number of employees was 2,267, or one employee for each seven inmates.

At the risk of being tedious, I have thus gone into details for the purpose of showing how burdensome these institutions are upon the people of the state. In their support it is not necessary that we should be parsimonious, but it is important that prudent economy should be at all times exercised. I am satisfied that the current expenses of these institutions can be met without in any way interfering with the health, comfort, or happiness of their inmates. I therefore urge upon you that in making appropriations for the current year you should not exceed the sum of \$448,000, and that great care be exercised that the appropriations are not made larger than are necessary.

Financial Inspector Needed.
To the end that these appropriations, when made, be prudently and honestly accounted for, I further suggest that the auditor of state be authorized to add another man to his present office force, whose duty it shall be to carefully examine all the expenditures made by these institutions, and who shall once in each month visit each institution and carefully examine into and scrutinize the accounts of its management.

Care of Insane and Epileptic.
The law very justly requires that insane and epileptic persons now in the county asylums shall be cared for by the state on or about June 1, 1903, in her hospitals. There is a large number of such people, and it is imperative that we should give the care and attention which the state gives to other insane and epileptic persons. In order to meet this requirement of law, it is necessary to increase the capacity of the state hospitals. Early in December the board of state charities and the superintendents of the various hospitals in the state met for the purpose of giving this important subject careful consideration. The report of the board, which could give it more intelligent thought. These gentlemen reached the conclusion that the most practical, speedy and economical way for the state to provide for the care of these people is to erect cottages upon the present hospital grounds of the state, as follows:

(a) At Athens, one cottage for 150 chronic, infirm and untidy patients, and one cottage for 50 acute insane persons.

(b) At Cleveland, a cottage for 80 acute insane persons.

(c) At Columbus, a cottage for 150 chronic, infirm and untidy patients, and one cottage for 50 acute insane persons.

(d) At Dayton, a cottage for 150 chronic, infirm and untidy patients, and a cottage for 80 acute insane persons.

(e) At Massillon, additional cottages for 400 chronic, infirm and untidy patients.

(f) At Toledo, a new wing to the Hospital for Women, the remodeling of eight old cottages, and also additional capacity for 100 patients.

The cost of the maximum cost of these improvements would be \$181,250, and they would furnish accommodations for 1,250 patients.

They were also of the opinion that provision should be made at the Ohio Hospital for Epileptics for the care of epileptic persons now in the county asylums.

I commend these conclusions to your consideration, asking for their careful thought and action. It is not necessary that the appropriations should be made available during the current year. One half of the money appropriated for the erection of these buildings could be made available during the current year, and the other half during the year commencing on the 10th of November, 1902.

Revision of Tax Laws.
The total amount of money paid into the state treasury during the year ending on the 10th of November, 1901, was \$5,272,177.87. The amount received from county treasurers during the year was \$2,263,399.29, and the amount received from other sources was \$2,703,888.61.

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entirely overboard. Many have thought that publicity is the only sure remedy. In my inaugural address, delivered on the 8th of January, 1900, I spoke as follows:

Every year the amount and magnitude of the business being done by corporations organized under the laws of Ohio are rapidly increasing. Under our present laws, corporations may be created for any purpose for which individuals may lawfully associate themselves, except for carrying on professional business. These artificial persons, except insurance companies, railroad companies, building and loan associations, and certain banking companies, are practically under no restraint by the state, and make no reports to her officers. Large mining, manufacturing, commercial and other enterprises are carried on by and through them. Because they are created by the state, and are considered being the property of her soil, people are led to believe that they are under to business with, and are more entitled to credit, than are private partnerships or individuals. In very many cases they are less worthy of credit. They are authorized by the state to do business before one dollar of the capital stock has been paid. This is an unfortunate condition of affairs for the state, before they give their corporations, and permit them to do business, ought to require that all their capital stock be paid in money and invested in the business they purpose to transact. She ought to make sure of this fact before she grants them a corporate officer. We should go further, and require these companies to make annual reports, to be filed with and inspected by the officer indicated above. This requirement should amount to nothing more than the fact that the capital stock has been paid, how the money is invested, what the assets are, the amount of liabilities, and the names of the stockholders. In fact, there should be such a record of every corporation that the people may know at all times whether it is worthy of credit and confidence. I believe that with some such regulations as I have indicated Ohio corporations should be placed upon a solid financial basis.

Publicity Plan Approved.
The sentiments which I then uttered, I now desire to reaffirm. The publicity which would be given by such action could not, by any possibility, injure a really worthy and sound corporation. It would, on the contrary, tend to prevent unwise and failing corporations.

As matters now stand, the secretary of state knows nothing about a corporation after it leaves his office with a charter from the state. He can tell how many of the 40,000 or more corporations chartered by the state during the last 50 years are now dead, nor how many are still living. The state creates the thing, and it is to be expected that it should in the end know nothing more about it. It is high time that a change should be made.

It will be lawful for the state to charge a fee for the filing of the annual report, which I contemplate in these recommendations. The general assembly, in determining how much this fee should be, may take into consideration the continuing benefit which the state derives upon every corporation. In this way the revenue of the state may be lawfully and largely increased, without imposing an unjust burden upon existing corporations or discouraging the creation of new ones.

State Troops.
The Ohio National guard is composed of eight regiments of infantry, four of which have 12 companies each, one 11 companies, one nine companies, and two eight companies each. The Ninth battalion, four companies of infantry, equipped with machine guns, two troops of cavalry and batteries. The total number of men in the guard is 6,246. They are located in 58 companies of the state. After the close of the military season, a complete reorganization became necessary. This has been accomplished in the face of some difficulties, but I am assured that the standard of efficiency and discipline was never better than at the present time. The officers and men are among the best in our state, and young, vigorous and have entered this service from high motives of patriotism. Their composition is wholly inadequate to meet the needs of the state in active service. In order to be proficient, it is necessary for them to spend many nights each year in drills in their armories, and for such service the only reward they have is the satisfaction of doing their duty and of being competent to be good soldiers in case the state needs them. If the peace of the state should be seriously disturbed, the National guard is the only body upon which we can rely for the restoration of law and order. I therefore commend these young soldiers to the support and good-will of the general assembly and of the people of Ohio.

It is a great misfortune during the last two years as to have had but one occasion which required the use of the guard. A serious riot and the destruction of property took place in the city of Akron, and in 1900, three companies of the Eighth regiment and the Fourth regiment responded promptly to the proper call, and, in less than 12 hours after the disturbance commenced, the Fourth regiment was called into service and reached the scene of the riot. Their presence had a deterrent effect, quiet was immediately restored, the rioters returned their way, and more than 20 rioters were punished as the law required. The entire National guard is now camped at Canton, O., on the 13th, 15th and 16th of September last, and to this call 5,346 men promptly responded. The occasion was the funeral of the late president, William McKinley, which brought thousands of strangers to a small city without adequate police protection. The presence of the guard caused the solemn and peaceful manner and without disturbance. It was proper that the guard should pay tribute of respect to their former commander-in-chief, who had not only ended his career in the service of his country, but who had been the benefactor of the nation. The young men returned to their homes with their patriotism made brighter by the contemplation of the glorious and useful life of William McKinley. I believe the state will be the better for the service rendered upon this occasion. I am glad to say that the Ohio soldiers carried themselves so admirably upon that day that they have the commendation of the people of the United States, and the admiration of the thousands of eminent citizens who witnessed their work.

Annual Encampments.
The general assembly has not heretofore appropriated money with which to meet the expenses of the annual encampments of the National guard. As a consequence, these have been paid by the officers out of their private pockets, or by contributions from citizens. It is a shame that the state should not pay the cost of the annual encampments of its own soldiers. In such encampments the best soldiers are selected from the ranks, and are sent to perform, by strict drill, with arms, that I trust that this duty will be accomplished.

I recommend, also, that provision be made for the National guard to be drilled for six days. Under the present law the soldiers are drilled for three days. The soldiers are drilled for three days, and the remainder of the time is spent in other duties. It is a shame that the state should not pay the cost of the annual encampments of its own soldiers. In such encampments the best soldiers are selected from the ranks, and are sent to perform, by strict drill, with arms, that I trust that this duty will be accomplished.

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them the steamer "Hawk" for the purpose of drilling, and they have been doing good work in equipping themselves for service in the navy. If they be retained, the officers of the reserve have had experience in their branch of the service, and the men are young and patriotic. They should be encouraged and cared for in a proper way by the state.

Needs of the O. S. U.
This institution, under the management of its board of trustees, of President W. O. Thompson, and of its faculty, is rapidly becoming one of the great universities of the country. The number of students enrolled during the last year was 1,465. Its growth has been surprising and rapid. It has now reached a point where, if we are to have more students, we must have more facilities. Every year more students are larger numbers, will be knocking at its doors for admission, and they must be refused, unless new facilities are provided. This great university is the child of the state, and as such, I trust that the general assembly will watch over her and promote her growth, prosperity and usefulness to the greatest extent possible.

Emergency Expenditures.
This board was created by law, so as to provide means for meeting emergency arising in the various departments of the institutions of the state government when the general assembly is not in session. The board consists of the governor, the auditor of state, the attorney-general, and the chairman of the board of state finance committees. During the 20 months the general assembly has not been in session, several emergencies have arisen, to meet which application has been made to the board, and it has been able to meet the same. The board has been able to meet the same. The board has been able to meet the same.

Prison Labor.
The authority of the last general assembly, which appointed a commission, consisting of Governor A. H. C. Hays, of Cuyahoga county; A. B. Johnson, of Hardin county; John C. MacBroom, of Lucas county; and George F. Tate, of Mahoning county, to investigate the condition of the employment of prison labor in the various departments of the state, and to report their conclusions to the governor in writing. On the 15th day of November, 1901, the commission submitted its report. It stated that it had been given the opportunity to visit the various departments of the state, and to report their conclusions to the governor in writing. On the 15th day of November, 1901, the commission submitted its report. It stated that it had been given the opportunity to visit the various departments of the state, and to report their conclusions to the governor in writing.

THE GRIGGS STORE.

The January Sales at GRIGGS' Continue This Week....

IF THE CROWD SATURDAY was too big to give you the personal attention you like, come Tuesday Morning. New items that should have been here January 1st and were delayed in transit are just arriving.

A Manufacturers Underwear Samples, Choice 25c each.

These include the 50c and 75c Merode Vest and Pants and a lot of fleeced Union Suits for ladies and children—these are all marked with the Merode label, which you know is an expensive garment—and there is not a better fleeced garment made—Samples 25c. each

Monarch Dress Shirts—\$1 Dress Shirts now 65c. each.

These include our entire stock of this Standard Shirt—every good dresser knows it—Sizes 14 to 17—Choice 65c each

Manufacturers Samples of Socks

25c fancies—15c. pair
50c fancies—about 40 dozen in all, choice 25c. pair

These are new lines just in and added to the hundreds of other lines, all selling at the low prices advertised Saturday.

THE H. H. GRIGGS COMPANY.

JUST ARRIVED ANOTHER CAR LOAD OF

Clover Leaf Flour

This is the only PATENT FLOUR now on sale in the city, and a trial sack will demonstrate its superiority over the "straigh" Flours usually offered to the trade. For sale by all grocers in Newark.

National Mill Co.

C. Fred Sites. D. M. Black.

New York Finance Co.

N. C. SMITH, Manager.

Loans on Furniture, Pianos, Organs, Fixtures and Other Chattels.

Phones:—Citizens 667. Bell 13. 14 1-2 N. Second St., Newark, O.

Infirmary Directors

The annual business meeting of the Directors of the Licking County Infirmary to wind up the business of the past year and to inaugurate the business of the new year, was held at the Infirmary Monday. Infirmary Director James Redman was inducted into his second term of office, succeeding himself. Mr. Redman is one of Licking county's best and most reliable citizens, thoroughly honest and competent and conscientious in the discharge of all his duties.

"Clover Leaf" Flour is selling freely because the quality is just as represented. Try a sack and note the improvement in your bread and cake.

ELKS—The regular meeting of Newark Lodge, B. P. O. E., will be held on Tuesday evening, Jan. 7, when there will be three candidates to be initiated. The initiation will be followed by the usual social session. The fun will begin promptly at 6 p. m., and all members are asked to be present.

Lotteries on horse racing are prohibited from the beginning of the year in Pretoria.

There are in Boston 61,228 houses in addition to the 140 hotels and 558 family hotels.

Boston, one of the richest cities in the country, has a municipal debt of \$50,000,000.

Use Advocate want ads.

"DECLINED WITH THANKS."

Of all the woes a poet bears
(And they are not few),
Of all his troubles and his cares,
His fits of feeling blue,
The phrase, "Respectfully declined
With thanks," beats all the pack,
And he has troubles on his mind
What time his stuff comes back.

Ah, yes, there's trouble on his mind
That few can understand,
Except the fellows of his kind,
Far scattered through the land,
They know what fills his life with woe
And paints the future black,
For they have often felt just so
When their own stuff came back.

Full oft at peace with all the earth
The bard awakes at morn;
His heart is filled with bound mirth,
No grief he feels or mourn,
But comes a ring, the postman's there,
With letter laden pack,
And oh, the poet's deep despair!
He gets his poems back.

How proudly does he feel when he
Has labored hard and made
Some verse for which he hopes to be
Quite handsomely repaid,
How thrills he when he sends it off,
But, bitter blow, alack,
How madly does he rail and scold
When, catlike, it comes back!

Don't talk of other people's woes;
Not one of them compares
With what the struggling poet knows
And grimly grins and bears.
Let fate set everything amiss
From now till doomsday's crack;
There is no grief as great as this—
To get his poems back.

Perhaps beyond the pearly gates,
Where bards (and saints) abound
And where no fiend of "usual rates,"
No editor, is found;
In bliss he will forget the pain
That keeps him on the rack,
And, best of all, he'll ne'er again
Receive his poems back.

Oh, you, to whom these lines are sent,
Oh, man of shears and paste,
In vain the time on them I've spent
If made not to your taste!
They may be limpy here and there,
And something may be lacking;
Yet kindly heed the poet's pray'r,
And do not send them back.

—Life.

Hot Brain Work.



True.
"The jury was out two days and then failed to come to an agreement."
"That proves conclusively that we ought to have women juries."



Miss Spondulix—Mr. Chappington, I wouldn't wear such a high collar if I were you. You don't know how absurd you look.

Chappington (week later)—Is this better, Miss Lily?—Chicago News.

THAT RUSH

Though Seniors Cannot Claim Victory,
Neither Shall the Juniors, Says
This Writer.

(Communicated.)

In claiming the victory in the "class rush" of Friday, the Juniors should consider that they did several things which are punishable. First, they placed their colors on the chandelier without permission and even violated a "library permit" to place them there. Next, they took the Senior colors from the table where they had placed them with the permission of one of the corps of teachers, and in doing this they were guilty of a misdemeanor, as they had no right to remove what had been placed there with the permission of an instructor.

The Senior boys refused to oppose girls—a thing we regret to say the Junior boys did not do.

The Saturday evening account gave the impression that the chandelier globes were broken by the Seniors, but not so, for the Juniors must answer for that.

Although the Seniors can not claim the victory, neither shall the Juniors, for there was none.

That Double Wreck.

Johnstown, Pa., Jan. 6.—Because of a wrong signal at the Ninevah tower a fast eastbound Pennsylvania express train ran into a slow freight train ahead, five miles west of this city, and a few minutes later a westbound freight crashed into the wreck, causing the death of four persons and the serious injury of at least five others. The train, No. 14, got a clear block at the tower, and running ahead at full speed crashed into the rear of extra freight No. 490, wrecking the engine and two cars of No. 14 and the cabin and two cars of the freight Westbound extra freight No. 333 almost immediately piled into the debris, the engine and ten cars tumbling into the river.

Residence Damaged.

Washington, Jan. 6.—The explosion of a boiler connected with the heating apparatus in the basement of the handsome 5-story residence of Isaac R. Howard seriously damaged the house and may result in loss of life. William Fox, the colored butler, who was attending the fire under the boiler at the time of the explosion, was frightfully scalded and badly cut about the hands and face. His condition is critical. A rough estimate of the damage places it at \$10,000.

Cattle Starving.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 6.—On account of the almost total failure of grass and the high price of feedstuffs in this section over 100 head of horses and mules have been killed in San Antonio during the past 60 days to prevent them from dying of starvation, their owners, who are of the poorer class, being unable to buy feed for the animals. There has been a drought in this section for 12 months or more and there is no present prospect for an improvement.

FROHMAN'S NEW PLAN.

Noted Manager to Establish French Theater in New York.

PLAYS TO BE ON A PARIS SCALE.

Permanent French Company Will Be Installed in One of His Best Houses—Maurice Grau May Join Him, and Coquelin Asked to Take Artistic Direction.

In the New York Herald's special cables from Paris the other day appeared a resume of theatrical news and comment of the hour written by M. Pierre Veber, in which he referred to the establishment in New York of a theater for the production of plays in French as a "very happy idea." He referred to Berlin, Rome, Brussels and Cairo as having a company of French actors, while New York had no such theater for its entertainment. The initiative, however, said M. Veber, must come from America.

The initiative is now announced by the above mentioned paper. A theater is to be established in New York by Mr. Charles Frohman, with a French company of players of the first rank, to produce in French in a manner equal to the productions of Paris plays of the classic and modern school, and



C. FROHMAN.

associated with Mr. Frohman in all probability—that is, if present negotiations do not fall through—will be Mr. Maurice Grau as an interested party in the plan and M. Constant Coquelin in the artistic direction of the house. Mr. Frohman will give over one of his New York theaters to the company and make it a permanent home for the French drama in New York.

"It is a plan," said Mr. Frohman to a reporter, "that has long been in my mind. New York, great cosmopolitan city that it is, demands the best that can be procured from all the theatrical centers and sees the plays of London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna, Rome and other capitals produced on its boards. It has two German theaters here, and why not a French theater as well, especially when it is remembered that the stage of France and America are in close touch; that the Gallic plays are produced here with great success and leading French actors are heartily welcomed and draw crowded houses?"

"Everywhere one hears French spoken in New York. French recitals and lectures are given in fashionable drawing rooms, Harvard, Yale and other colleges give plays in French, and when 'L'Aiglon' was played here and librettos were sold in English and French it was the French edition that had the largest sale. Is not the time ripe for the establishment of a French theater in New York? I believe so, and I am going to undertake it."

"It will not be done, however, in any half and half way. That sort of thing never succeeds in New York. I have nothing in mind but the best when this company is formed. I don't want any actors that ought to leave France, but those who cannot well be spared. I hope to have Mr. Maurice Grau interested with me in the project and have talked it over with him. In fact, it was he who brought me and M. Coquelin together while I was abroad, and I have asked M. Coquelin to take the artistic direction of the house and to act himself if he will. I expect shortly to have M. Coquelin's definite answer, and I trust it will be 'Yes.'"

Asked which of his theaters would be devoted to the new project, Mr. Frohman said he preferred not to mention the name at present, but that it would be one of the best of his houses.

"Yes," said Mr. Grau when he was asked as to his interest in the establishment of a French theater in New York. "Yes, Mr. Frohman and I have talked the matter over, and I am free to say at once that I shall be happy to subscribe to such a project. Mr. Frohman, M. Coquelin and I met and discussed it together, and we are all much interested in the matter. Mme. Bernhardt, too, has been of the opinion that a permanent French theater in an English speaking city like London or New York should be established. In fact, she wanted me to become associated with her in such a plan for London, playing in the company herself now and then."

"As to the dollars and cents of such an undertaking as Mr. Frohman proposes, as to whether it would be a paying affair at once, I am not prepared to say. But should not sentiment, artistic sympathy, play some part in our theatrical lives? Should we not venture something to give this great city so desirable an innovation—an innovation at least for this generation—as a theater in which New York can bear French successes of the day in the French

language? For let me assure you that the best of translations, the best of foreign speaking actors, cannot give the full value to a French play.

"I have had much experience myself in bringing French players to New York, both in drama and light operettas, from the middle seventies, when I had a comedy company here, to my latest Coquelin-Bernhardt tour. I understand the situation pretty well."

"It would be impossible to expect that the French colony here could support such a theater. It would be folly to look for such a result, and I say with regret there is less interest among the French set, so to speak, in a French theater than there was in 1833, when Raymond brought a French company here, or later, when the Juvenet and Drivet company played in the little theater attached to Niblo's Garden, or in 1866 and 1868, when the sterling supporters of dramatic and operatic affairs, such as the late Augustus Belmont, Marshall O. Roberts and William Butler Duncan, built the French theater in Fourteenth street.

"But, on the other hand, there has been an enormous advance in interest in the French language and the French stage by Americans. Twenty Americans speak French where two did then, and French stars draw now in New York theaters as they could not have pretended to do then. Therefore a new and greater clientele has been built up for the support of a French theater. Mr. Frohman has the project in mind. To have it in mind, and all I can say now is that I may be counted on to subscribe to such a plan. As to the exact place I shall fill in it—well, come to me later about that."

ABOUT PEOPLE

John Kiefer was in Columbus on Sunday.

Henry Beckman spent Sunday with friends in Columbus.

William and Peter Baker of Mt. Vernon, were in the city today.

Miss Susie Dempsey spent Sunday with friends in Columbus.

Fred Sites made a trip to Prospect today.

Attorney James R. Fitzgibbon was in Columbus, today on legal business.

Attorney Albert A. Stasel was in Columbus today.

Ed Doe made a business trip to Greenville, Ohio.

P. E. Burge left for Zanesville this morning.

Phil D. Miller made a business trip to Mt. Vernon today.

Miss Lillian Latimer returned to Washington, Pa., to resume her studies.

Mr. and Mrs. Louis Spees and daughter spent Sunday with friends in Zanesville.

Gus Seymour, assistant Prosecuting Attorney of Franklin county, spent Sunday with friends in the city.

Mrs. Ninette of Norda Sventh street, and her daughter, Nelie, are going to visit friends in Newark Sunday.—Zanesville Times-Recorder.

Miss Alice Anderson of Coshocton, who has been visiting her cousin, Mr. Lawrence Green, at his home in the North End for the past two weeks, has returned home.

James L. Outcalt of Granville, a popular catcher of last season's local base ball nine, is in the city. Mr. Outcalt will have charge of some of the winter amusement features at Gant park.—Zanesville Signal.

Mrs. Fred Pickard and children returned to Newark Tuesday evening after a pleasant visit with relatives... Mrs. Joseph Hafner of Newark, is visiting her husband for a few weeks.—Mt. Vernon Banner.

Mrs. Dwight Hervey of Cortland, N. Y., arrived in the city last evening, being called here by the illness of her husband, the Rev. Hervey.—Mt. Vernon Banner.

Harry Edmonson of Chicago, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Frank Fitzgibbon of North Third street, left this morning for Columbus.

Miss Anna M. Pollock, 7002 Perry avenue, Chicago, is spending a week in Kansas City, the guest of her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hutchison.

Mrs. Follett entertained with a large dancing party at the Normandie, Thursday evening, for Miss Mary Follett, Mr. George Follett and Mr. LeRoy Converse. Mrs. Follett was assisted in receiving by Miss Mary Follett and Miss Follett of Newark.—Columbus Press.

Ed Doe of Newark, was here Friday and arranged to move his store to Greenville about the middle of the month. Ed Cornell and Horace Uzel of the Coshocton store will go to Greenville and Ed English will go to the store in Newark. A Pomeroy store will open a confectionary store in the room.—Coshocton Age.

Rheumatism

What is the use of telling the rheumatic that he feels as if his joints were being dislocated?

He knows that his sufferings are very much like the tortures of the rack. What he wants to know is what will permanently cure his disease.

That, according to thousands of grateful testimonials, is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

It promptly neutralizes the acid in the blood on which the disease depends, completely eliminates it, and strengthens the system against its return. Try Hood's.

BOTH LADIES

Thrown Out of the Buggy As It Went Over an Embankment Near Granville.

Granville, Ohio, Jan. 6.—Mrs. Lettie White and Mrs. William Lake, two well known ladies who reside on Loudon st., a short distance north of this place, met with an accident on Friday afternoon which came near resulting in serious consequences to both the ladies. The ladies had started to drive to Alexandria and when about half way between that place and Granville their horse frightened at a piece of ice and shied suddenly to one side of the road precipitating the buggy down a steep embankment and throwing the occupants out on the ground with considerable force.

Mrs. White was hurt about the head and face and sustained a number of severe bruises, while Mrs. Lake escaped with a few bruises. The buggy was considerably damaged, as was the harness. The ladies borrowed a buggy and returned home the same evening.

ATTENTION COMPANY G.

Every member of this command is hereby ordered to attend drill Tuesday evening, January 7th. Arrangements will then be made to attend the inauguration of Gov. Nash at Columbus, Ohio, Monday, January 13th. By order of
FRED E. DILLE,
Lieut. Commanding Co. G.
GEO. HENRY, 1st Sargt.

Wedding Near Summit.

A beautiful home wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hoskinson near Summit Station Christmas eve, when their youngest daughter, Fannie Belle, who married Mr. Gail McIntosh, son of David McIntosh. The Rev. Mr. Gilruth of the M. E. church, performed the ceremony in the presence of about 50 near relatives and friends. Mr. McIntosh has chosen for his lifelong companion one of Summit's loveliest ladies. The bridal dress was of dove colored cloth trimmed with lavender silk. A wreath of wax orange blossoms adorned her head. After congratulations all were invited to the dining room where there was a sumptuous feast awaiting. After the repast the young people left for Summit, there to enjoy the remaining part of the entertainment given by the M. E. Sunday school. Mr. and Mrs. McIntosh received many beautiful and costly presents.

DR. D. J. MATTHEWS

Who Has Relatives in Newark, Became Coroner of Muskingum County Monday Morning.

Zanesville, O., Jan. 6.—Dr. David J. Matthews who today assumed the duties of coroner of Muskingum county, has quite a number of relatives in Newark. He is a nephew of Dan E. Jones, the well known contractor, David E. Jones, and Mrs. Margaret Ransom. He is also well known in Newark society, having frequently attended social functions in the city.

Dr. Matthews' Zanesville and Newark friends are confident that he will give a successful administration of the office to which he has been elected.

The number of government officials in France is 416,000. Fifty years ago it was 188,000.

—It's a bad thing to quarrel with the milkman. He'll make you take water every time.

A coming demand for an eight-hour day in mining is announced in the Central-Western coal fields.

High grade goods are cheaper in the long run, and "Clover Leaf" Flour will give satisfaction in every detail. All grocers sell it.

—Hoax—"He married a Spiritualist." Joak—"Does she make him a good wife?" Hoax—"Medium."

—Of the twenty tobacco factories in France three are in Paris.



UNION MADE.

Douglas Shoes

Those Terraced Solid
Stitched Heel, Velour and
Enamel

\$3.50

LINEHAN BROS.

TAKE NOTICE!

Cut this out and take it to the NEW YORK RACKET STORE, they will give you a discount of 10 per cent. on any purchase of goods of 50c. or over. Be sure and present this notice. Good till February 15th.

New York Racket Store,

Beecher & Close, Props 20 W. Main St.

At Browne's

Gandy, Fruit, Nuts and All Seasonable Groceries

in great abundance and large assortment especially for the holiday trade.

A choice and complete lot of curly and head lettuce, ripe tomatoes, cauliflower, celery, spinach, green and wax beans, parsley, radishes, egg plant, etc., etc. will be at Browne's Grocery.

Plum puddings, canned soups, cluster raisins and the choicest oysters.

Remember, too, our own high grade fresh roasted Coffees. Everything first-class and plenty of it at

BROWNE'S

31 North Third St.

Both Phones.

ADVOCATE WANT ADS

BRING
RESULTS

Perfumes

We can please you

R. W. SMITH, Prescription Druggist.

THE W. C. T. U.

At the meeting held on last Tuesday the devotional half hour was in charge of Mrs. Cole.

A responsive reading on press work was led by the President, which was very interesting.

On motion, the corresponding secretary was instructed to send a letter of congratulation to the Zanesville Union, in regard to closing of the saloons in that city on Sunday.

The superintendent of literature was instructed to order copies of the Ohio Messenger for free distribution.

A very appreciative letter was read from the Superintendent of the Temperance Hospital by the Secretary for the barrel of fruit, jellies, etc., sent by the Newark Union.

The President requests that on next Tuesday every Superintendent will furnish a report of her work, after which there will be a reception of new members.

Following are the closing paragraphs of the annual address of President Edward P. Hocking of Wisconsin, L. T. L.

"And now, in conclusion, may I address a few remarks to the class of 1901. For the last year you have been making of the liquor question in relation to the nation to the pocket book, to the mind and to the body, you have learned what this great question cost the nation in dollars and cents; you no doubt have some idea as to the cost from a political standpoint, and I have mentioned in this address what it cost in men and boys, and it seems to me there is still another phase of this question to be considered at this time.

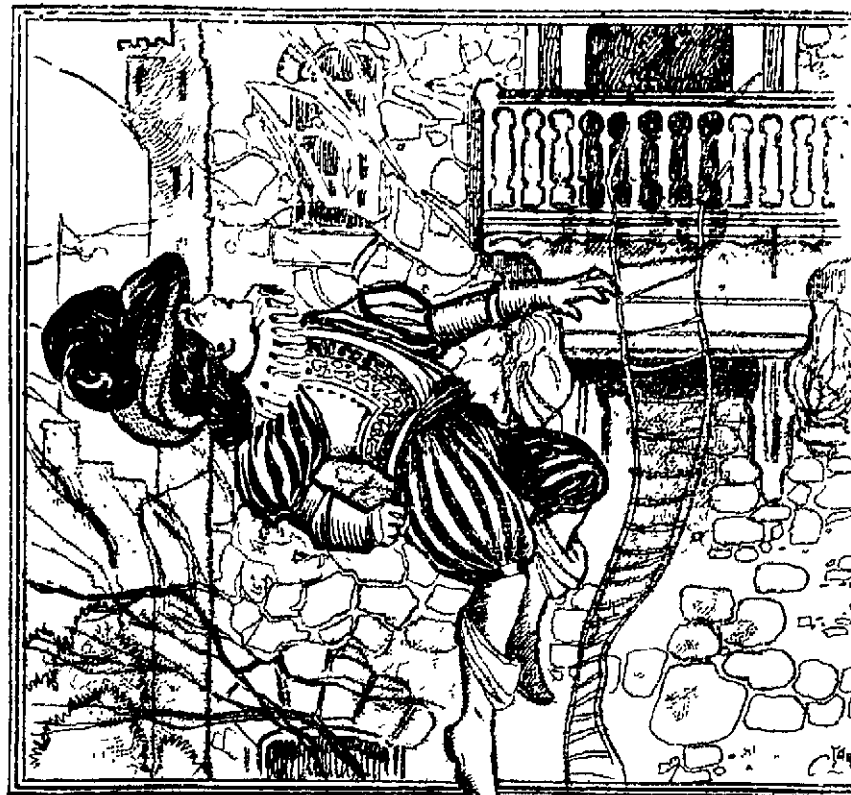
Has any one ever been able of computing the cost of a mother of seeing her boy come home reeling from one side of the walk to another, that boy for whom she has done all but give up her life? Can any one tell what it costs the young wife to set up until the small hours of the morning awaiting the return of her once kind and true husband, but who now comes home so crazed by drink that he acts more like a demon than a man? No; God alone knows this cost. Boys, in a few years your own city or town will doubtless call on you to assist in the administration of its government.

Will it be a clean administration of your official duties, or will you be governed by the dictates of the liquor interests as is the case in so many of our cities today?

And now to the girls, for I note that I have directed most of my remarks to the boys. Oh how often we hear the remark that a girl cannot do much for a temperance cause. Now, I wish to name just a few ways which I am quite positive the girls could work to great advantage in spreading the temperance cause. In the first place, do not keep company with a young man who drinks. Second, do not keep company with the young man who uses tobacco. And third, do not keep company with the young man who uses profane language. This is asking too much, I hear you say. No, it is not, for if a young man does not think more of you than he does of all of these things, he is not the man you should keep company with and you do not certainly want a husband who would think more of a glass of liquor or a ten cent plug of tobacco than he does of you.

Another way in which the girls can assist in effective work is to join the W. C. T. U. where you will receive a cordial welcome, for just as the ranks of the drunkards army is being recruited every year by the young men who are growing up to take their places, so must the ranks of the W. C. T. U. be refilled by young ladies who are growing into womanhood, and must take up the cares and responsibilities of the mothers who have completed their missions on earth and have passed on to their reward.

Advocate Puzzle Picture.



FIND PRINCESS AND HAG.

On mission daring, up the walls
Of castle grim, the knight essayed
To reach the porch where pleading calls
Of one so fair his flight delayed.
But o'er the princess guarded well
A hag who cut the ropes apart.

And now let us remember in the words of our class motto, that "opportunity means responsibility," and never was there a better opportunity presented for effective temperance work than now. Then let us go forward in the name of God and humanity, never swerving to the right or left, until we have swept from our own dear state, yes from the nation, the curse that is the ruination of thousands of homes as well as almost endless amount of manhood and womanhood. Shall we ever see the day when we shall be free from the rum traffic? Just as sure as there is a God in heaven just so surely will the day dawn when this shall be a free nation in the truest sense of the word, for "Right is right, since God is God."

And right the day must win:
For doubt would be disloyalty.

To falter would be sin
No service in itself is small.

None great, though earth it fill:
But that is small that seeks its own.

And great that seeks God's will."

Different and Better.

Different from all others because they contain no opium or any of its derivatives. Better than all others because they effect a cure through the Nerves and Heart. Such are Clinic Headache Waters when taken for the cure of a headache. The safest and most reliable remedy known. Take no other. At Hall's drug store, 10 cents.

Jack and Jill went up the hill
Where Jack had his snail
Jill uses Vanilla Crystal still.
Try them! And you will

Head Feels Like Bursting.
Maybe you were out late last night? If you had taken a Krause's Headache Capsule before retiring your head would be cool and clear this morning. Take one now and you will be all right in an half hour. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists.

Two million Americans suffer the torturing pangs of dyspepsia. No need to Burdock Blood Bitters cure. At any drug store.

Trade With British Colonies.
London, Jan. 6.—Statistics just issued, showing that of total trade with her colonies Great Britain only possesses 42 per cent, whilst the United States has 12 per cent, and that the latter is rapidly increasing her trade not only with Canada but with Australia, cause some disquietude. The Standard, in an editorial, expresses its disappointment in this regard and insists upon the necessity of the country bestirring itself.

Anarchist Plots.
Madrid, Jan. 6.—The police have discovered traces of anarchist plots in the towns of Jerez de la Frontera, Alcala de los Gazules and Arcos de la Frontera, in the province of Cadiz. Forty-nine arrests were made and the prisoners conveyed to Barcelona, where they will be tried by the military courts.

Colonel Bryan in Ohio.

Cleveland, Jan. 6.—As the guest of Mayor Tom L. Johnson, Hon. W. J. Bryan spent Sunday and part of today, leaving for Wooster, O., to speak at a Jackson day banquet. Thence he goes to New Haven, Conn., where he will speak at a Jackson day banquet on Wednesday. Concerning the Democratic platform, Mr. Bryan said he thought it too early to forecast such a document, but believed the party would stand by what it has fought for in the past two campaigns, and that the money plank would be included in the platform. Regarding his own candidacy for the presidency, Mr. Bryan said that he was not a candidate for anything. He declined to discuss the availability of Mayor Johnson or any other person for the Democratic presidential nomination.

Printing Plant Consumed.

Toledo, Jan. 6.—Fire, which was discovered in the basement of the Franklin Printing and Engraving company's plant, spread with such rapidity that within 20 minutes it had reached every part of the building. The fire department was successful in its efforts to keep the fire from spreading, but the printing company's plant was destroyed. The loss on the stock and machinery amounted to \$75,000 and on the building \$17,000.

Pistol Duel.

Toledo, Jan. 6.—A shooting affray occurred at Tipton, O., the result of which is that John Lee, Jr., is at the point of death and James Saylor has been arrested. The men had an altercation, ending in Saylor shooting Lee through the stomach.

Four Persons Asphyxiated.

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 6.—Anton Chaves, his wife and two-year-old boy, Joseph, and Miss Mary Devida, 18, were asphyxiated at their home in New Park avenue. The gas escaped from a defective meter in the cellar.

German Mormons.

Berlin, Jan. 6.—The German Mormon conference has assembled here under the leadership of Hugh J. Cannon, son of the late George Q. Cannon, the well known Mormon apostle. One hundred and twenty-five Mormon missionaries are now working in Germany, and have secured 2,000 followers. The present conference is attended by more than 100 of the German missionaries.

Want an Explanation.

Santiago de Chile, Jan. 6.—Argentina has not yet officially ratified the protocol signed by Senor Yanes, the Chilean minister of foreign affairs, and Senor Portela, the Argentine minister to Chile, has asked the Chilean government for further explanations.

Bon Ami

Polishes nickel on stoves, plumbing, faucets, etc.

POLICE COURT

WM. BRIGGS DRAWS A THIRTY
DAY PRIZE.

Several Cases up Before Mayor Atherton For Consideration and Decision Monday.

William Briggs, who was arrested Saturday by Officer Zergibel on suspicion of having stolen a sack of buckwheat, had his hearing this morning before Mayor Atherton. It seems that Mr. Louis Legge, came to town and purchased a sack of cornmeal and 17 pounds of buckwheat, which he put in his buggy on the south side of the square. When he got home, he found that instead of the buckwheat he had a sack of popcorn. He went back to the mill and explained the situation.

His buckwheat was found in the possession of Briggs when arrested. He had first stolen the popcorn from one buggy and finding out what it was put it into Legge's buggy and took the buckwheat in its stead.

Briggs said that he did not know how he had come by the sack and as it was a clear case of petit larceny, he was given 30 days on the stone pile.

Jerry Wolford who lives at the corner of Walnut and Fifth streets, was arrested on an affidavit filed by B. & O. Officer J. M. Bennett charging him with stealing coal from the company. Wolford acknowledged the theft, but said that he had tried all over town to buy coal on Saturday without success, and as he had a sick wife he went to the car and took the coal. He was fined \$1 and costs and was released on security.

John Loughman was arrested by Officers Callan and Sutton for raising a disturbance in Carrie Troutfelter's saloon on Walnut street Saturday night. A man named Charles Greene was arrested with him, but at the door of the prison made a dash for liberty, and succeeded in getting away. At the trial this morning it developed that Greene was the man who was really the one at fault and Loughman was discharged.

James Clarke was arrested on suspicion by Officer Jacobs.

There were six sleepers at the city prison Sunday night.

AMERICAN PROTECTIVE UNION.

An open meeting and the institution of a new council of the American Protective Union will be held on Tuesday, January 7, 1902, 7.30 p. m., at the K. of P. hall, Ankele building. Supreme President, Hon. William E. Miller and others will give full explanation of the object and the benefits of this order. This order pays to its members in case of sickness or accident a weekly benefit of \$10, and a funeral benefit of \$250, also \$200 at the death of a member's wife. The officers are extending a cordial invitation to all to be present and those who desire to become charter members at this meeting will be admitted at the low rate of \$1 for full membership.

WM. E. MILLER.

W. G. TAAFFEL.

J. F. LINGAFELTER.

DR. I. N. PALMER.

1443t Reception Committee

For Over Fifty Years.

An old and well tried remedy—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for years by millions of mothers for the children who teething with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is one of the best remedies for diarrhoea. It is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Its value is incalculable. 25 cents per bottle. Be sure and get Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup and take no other.

IN OLDEN TIMES.

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently overcome habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but usually injure the system. Buy the genuine, made by the California Fig Syrup Company.

A Name Twice Made Famous, Now a Shining Mark for Imitators.

The name "Chase," twice made famous, is a shining mark for the unscrupulous to pounce upon and appropriate in order to fool upon the public their worthless preparations. These birds of prey, by using the name Chase, expect the public to be fooled into believing they are the medicines of Dr. A. W. Chase, who first became noted as the author of the world famous Dr. Chase's Recipe Book and family physician, and whose fame is now doubly increased by the wonderful success of his Nerve Pills, with Nerve, Brain and Blood troubles. They play upon the name Chase, but dare not use the initials "A. W."

They imitate, but dare not counterfeit the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase, which identifies the Nerve Pills now recognized as infallible for building up pale, weak, thin-blooded, nerve exhausted sufferers.

Who are nerve-tired and brain-weary. Who are easily exhausted. Who are wakeful—cannot sleep. Who have nervous headache.

They remove the cause of blood impurities, securing refreshing sleep and impart strength.

They build up people who find their strength and vigor waning. They settle irritated nerves, replace languor and lassitude with energy and animation. Cure Nervous Dyspepsia.

CAUTION.—The protection to the public in securing the genuine and original Dr. A. W. Chase preparation is in seeing the portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., on each box. These and these only are the genuine. Do not be satisfied with anything bearing the name "Chase" without the initials A. W. Chase, of Druggists or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

For sale at City Drug Store, Newark, Ohio.

HAIR HEALTH

is a healthy hair food, restoring youthful color and natural beauty to gray, faded hair. Removes dandruff and prevents falling out. It is not a dye and will not discolor the scalp, hands or clothing, and its use cannot be detected.

LARGE 50c. BOTTLES AT DRUG SHOPS.
Small 25c. bottles at drug stores.

I. W. HARPER KENTUCKY WHISKEY

For Gentlemen who cherish Quality.

Harper Rye, For Sale by Bolton & Flanagan, Harper Bourbon, For Sale by S. E. Forsthe.

Prescribed by Her Physician.

Neosha Falls, Kans., Nov. 13, 1900. Pepsin Syrup Co., Monticello, Ill.

Dear Sirs—For almost fifteen years I suffered from indigestion and last winter thought I would die, when my physician, Dr. A. J. Cleurance of this place, advised my trying Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin, which I did, and two bottles cured me. It not only relieved me, but it cured me so that I have not been troubled since.

If any one should offer me \$500 for the good Syrup Pepsin has done me, one can take your medicine without being convinced of its more than wonderful cures. I recommend it to all my friends as a laxative and stomach remedy. Yours with gratitude,

MRS. J. MORGAN.
Sold at Hall's and Johnson's drug stores.

TOUR OF ALL MEXICO.

The American Tourist Association have arranged for a thirty-seven days trip through the Republic of Mexico, same to be made in Special Vestibule train of Pullman Sleeping, Dining and Observation Cars, to leave Cincinnati the morning of Tuesday, January 28th, 1902. This tour will put in a greater length of time in Mexico and visit more places of interest in the Republic than any other tour. An opportunity seldom offered to visit the Egypt of the New World under such favorable auspices. Tickets include all expense. A first-class tour in all respects. Write for itinerary and illustrated pamphlet. A. A. Gallagher, D. P. A., Iron Mountain Route, 408 Vine street, Cincinnati, O.

SMALLPOX NEAR ZANESVILLE.

Zanesville, Jan. 4.—Louis W. West, chief of Brush Creek township, has smallpox. He was in Zanesville last Wednesday.

Change of Firm Sale Begins Saturday Morning and Continues Till Feb. 1st

Mighty Bargains will be offered to close out about \$10,000 worth of our Winter Stock before inventory which will take place some time later than is our custom. This we do on account of taking in a new member, Mr. E. E. Hansberger, after which the new firm will be J. W. Hansberger & Bro.

In order to reduce stock to the amount agreed upon in so short a time great sacrifices and price cutting will be done on almost every piece of goods in the store.

We quote no prices but will say this will be one of those marvelous bargain events.

Wonderful cut price sale on Ladies handsome Fur Jackets, Fur Scarfs, Fur Capes, Cloth Jackets, Long and Short Jackets, Long Coats, Children's right and left on every piece.

Jackets, Walking Skirts, Dress Skirts, Small Tailor made Suits, Silk and Wool Waists—Dainty Designs

Big Hurrah! In dress goods, Silks and French Flannels. Prices slashed on every piece.

Big Bargains in Blankets, Comforts, \$2 and \$3—Your choice 98c—every one now—This year's style

Sweeping Sale on exquisite Millinery

Deep Cut Prices on 250 fine tasty Trimmed Hats—Just 1-2 regular price

300 Street Hats, former prices \$1.50

We purpose making these few weeks the most tremendous January selling that we have ever had

Will you be among the lucky ones?

WEST SIDE SQ. **J. W. HANSBERGER,** NEWARK, OHIO.

A YEAR IN 20TH CENTURY.

Notable Events of the World From January to December 1901.

Passing Away of a Queen and President—Work of Flames, Shipwrecks, Accidents, Storms—Sporting, Political and Personal Items of General Interest.

On January 1 the Advocate published an eight column synopsis of the principal local news of the past year. Today is given a resume of the leading events of the world during the year 1901.

The year 1901 was marked by the end of the second longest reign in history and the assassination of a president.

For the first time in nearly three generations a king sat upon the throne of England. For the third time in thirty-seven years a president of the republic was cut down by the pistol shot of an assassin.

In weather fluctuations affecting the products of the soil the year 1901 was remarkable. Excessive spring rains, which drowned and rotted the seed in many productive districts, were followed by drought, which for a time bade fair to ruin the second plantings. Excessive heat prevailed over wide territories, and the prices of produce rose to an abnormal figure.

In the deaths of ex-President Benjamin Harrison and William M. Everts in 1901 the country lost two of its ripest statesmen. Literature mourns the passing of Walter Besant, Robert Buchanan and Charlotte M. Yonge in fiction and poetry and Professor John Fiske in religious and moral philosophy. The problems of the foreign world in the far east will not be the easier of solution because of the death of Earl Li Hung Chang, the foremost statesman of China and the broadest and ablest diplomat in all the disturbed realms of Asia.

The bone of contention between Japan and Russia which led to ominous growls at the beginning of 1901, has not been removed. Russia remains in Manchuria with the toleration but not the assent of other powers. France has been compelled to make a great naval demonstration against Turkey and got for her pains only the promises of the Turk to be good in future. The South African war entered upon its third year. The Boers, according to Lord Kitchener's estimates, have now 10,000 burghers in the field in spite of his threat to exile all who remained in arms after Sept. 15, 1901. Lord Kitchener also claims to have 40,000 Boers under guard in the various prison camps, including St. Helena, and says that 12,000 fighting burghers have been killed off during the war.

The problems of the United States in the government of her new possessions are in a fair way of solution by peaceful means. Civil rule is on trial in the Philippines and Aguinaldo has been captured and converted to an apostle of submission. The army in the Philippines is, however, kept up to its full strength, and to meet the emergencies of the future the regular army establishment has been reorganized on an increased basis.

At the close of the year 1901 Porto Rico and Cuba are quiet. During the year a United States tariff measure obnoxious to the Porto Ricans was repealed. In the Cuban congress a spirited protest against United States domination ended in the adoption of a constitution in accordance with suggestions emanating in the United States. The Pan-American fair of 1901 at Buffalo was a notable exhibition of its kind and marred only by the assassination within its grounds of President McKinley. At home our pan-American neighbors have been excited over a revolution, the end of which cannot be foretold. It is said by intelligent South Americans that the liberals of several states lying near the isthmus of Panama seek to establish a new United States of Colombia similar to that of the days of Bolivar.

JANUARY.
1. Fire: At Burlington, Ia., loss, \$135,000.
Obituary: Ignatius Donnelly, noted scholar and orator, at Minneapolis; aged 70.
Shipwreck: The steamer *Isa* lost on Duxbury reef, outside the Golden Gate, 20 to 40 people drowned.
Fire Disaster: A people burned to death in a fire which destroyed Hotel Harvard, Minneapolis.
Obituary: James W. Bradbury, the oldest member of the U. S. senate, at Augusta, Me.; aged 88.
Fire: At New York, the Chicago multi-millionaire, in that city; aged 61.
Fire Disaster: 19 deaths in the burning of the Orphan asylum at Rochester.
Obituary: Rear Admiral Thomas W. Phelps, U. S. N., retired, in New York city; aged 81.
Fatal Disaster: 8 people crushed to death and 20 injured during a theatrical panic caused by an alarm of fire in Chicago.
Accidents: 5 killed in a head on collision on the Grand Trunk railway at Lockport, Me.
Obituary: Duke de Broglie, French statesman and author, in Paris; aged 83.
Shipwreck: 11 sailors drowned in the wreck of the British steamer *Lord Trevelyan* in the channel at Chertkoff, France.
Obituary: Prof. E. B. Cress, noted insectar, at New Britain, Mass.; aged 67.
Fire: The Grand Opera House burned in Cincinnati; loss, \$1,000,000.
Obituary: Queen Victoria, at Osborne palace; aged 82.
Fire: A block of business buildings, including the board of trade, destroyed at Montreal; loss, \$4,000,000.
Personal: Albert Edward, prince of Wales, formally proclaimed king, with the title of Edward VII.
Obituary: Giuseppe Verdi, the Italian composer, at Milan; aged 87.
Fire: An oven, in use at 1 other buildings, burned at New York, N. Y.; loss, \$100,000.
Shipwreck: The British steamer *Thames* wrecked at the mouth of the river, near London, 15 people drowned.
Fire: In the business section of Des Moines, Ia.; loss, \$200,000.
Obituary: Field Marshal Count, noted Russian general, at Scherone, Russia; aged 71.
Fire: At Kansas City, the *Opera House* destroyed; loss on building, \$100,000.

FEBRUARY.
1. Fire: At Cleveland, Foot, Reed & Co.'s wholesale millinery establishment burned; loss, \$200,000.
Miscellaneous: The centennial anniversary of the installation of U. S. Chief Justice John Marshall, celebrated throughout the Union.
Fire: At Fair Haven, Conn., a loss of \$325,000 by the burning of the National Wire works.
At Evansville, Ind.; loss of \$175,000 by flames in the business district.
Obituary: Heavy loss of life at Baku, Russian Transcaucasia, by petroleum and naphtha fires and explosions.
Accidents: 6 killed and several injured in an accident on the Erie railroad at Greenville, Pa.
Disaster: 87 persons killed by a dynamite explosion at the San Andres mine, Durango, Mexico.
Obituary: Benjamin M. Prentiss, a noted veteran of the Mexican and civil wars, at Bethlehem, Mo.; aged 81.
Fire: At Pittsburgh, Armstrong's cork factory burned; loss, \$200,000.
Obituary: Col. Albert D. Shaw, past commander in chief of the G. A. R., suddenly, in Washington; aged 59.
Personal: The promotion of Gen. Nelson A. Miles, the rank of lieutenant general conferred by the senate.
Fire: At Rochester, Pa., glass plant burned, causing a loss of \$300,000.
Disaster: 60 miners buried by an explosion of fire damp in the Welling colliery, Vancouver island.
Obituary: Maurice Thompson, the southern novelist, at Crawfordsville, Ind.; aged 57.
Fire: At Atlanta, in the wholesale district; loss, \$500,000.
Accidents: 13 killed and 40 injured in a head on collision on the Camden and Annapolis railroad near Trenton.
Shipwreck: The Pacific Mail steamship *Rio Jancio* went on the rocks off the harbor of San Francisco; death list, 123, including U. S. S. *Albatross*, R. W. Meade, commanding officer.
Disaster: 82 lives lost at Kemmerer, Wyo., by an explosion in the Diamondville colliery.
Obituary: William Maxwell Everts, noted lawyer and statesman, in New York city; aged 83.
MARCH.
1. Personal: The pope celebrated his 81st birthday.
Political: McKinley and Roosevelt inaugurated. The 56th congress adjourned.
China: German troops attacked the pass of Chungking in the Great Wall, between Chilly and Shanghai, defeating the Chinese.
Obituary: Hon. Christopher L. Magee, noted politician, financier and philanthropist of Pittsburgh, at Harrisburg; aged 52.
Tornado: A portion of Willipol, Tex., covered, with casualties of 4 killed and 29 injured, and other portions of the state devastated.
Fire: At Detroit, the Olds Motor works burned; loss, \$200,000.
Fire: General offices of the New York division of the New York, New Haven and Hartford railroad, in upper New York city, destroyed; loss, \$1,000,000.
Accidents: A number of lives lost and many casualties in an explosion at the Dorcas Landing, Chicago.
Fire: At Milwaukee, Pa., the McKeesport brewing plant burned; loss, \$100,000.
Obituary: Ex-President Benjamin Harrison, at Indianapolis; aged 68.
Fire: At Gowanus, N. Y., loss of \$150,000 by the burning of a glue factory in an explosion of natural gas, the town of Clifton, N. J., on fire and caused a loss of \$500,000.
Fire: Loss of \$100,000 by the burning of 1,500 bales of cotton in the Planters' warehouse at Boston, Mass.; loss, \$150,000.
Personal: The Count de Castellane wounded M. de Rodas, a journalist, in an affair of honor in Paris.
Fire: In Pittsburgh, the main exposition building, destroyed; loss, \$2,000,000.
Political: Demonstration against the government in St. Petersburg suppressed by Cossacks; many students killed.
Fire: In Memphis, Ind., 50 houses burned; loss, \$200,000.
Obituary: Patrick Donohoe, founder and editor of the Boston Patriot, in Boston; aged 90.
Fire: The Jenkins & Co.'s building at Port Huron, Mich., destroyed; loss, \$150,000.
Obituary: Miles Spivey, Col. of the 1st Maine, of the Civil War, at New York; aged 80.
South African War: Gen. Buller's rejection of the terms of peace offered by Gen. Kitchener announced in the house of commons.
Obituary: Edmund Gosse, celebrated French writer, at Paris; aged 70.
Fire: At Greenville, Ala., 1,300 bales of cotton burned; loss, \$100,000.
The Kerr-Murray Machine works at Port Wayne, Ind., nearly destroyed; loss, \$500,000.
Fire: The village of Glen Garden, N. J., nearly destroyed by burning oil escaping from a wrecked train; loss about \$200,000.
Obituary: Charlotte Mary Yonge, the author, in London; aged 89.
Explosion: 10 miners killed in the Gates mine, Fayette county, Pa.
Tornado: Over 400 people injured, many fatally, in a storm which swept over Birmingham, Ala.; property lost, \$200,000.
Obituary: Jean Gann, noted French artist, in Paris; aged 61.
Shipwreck: The British steamer *Tra* collided with the German steamer *Charming* in the English channel and sank, carrying down 13 sailors.
Fire: The Jefferson hotel burned in Richmond; loss, \$1,000,000.
The plant of the Guardian Publishing Co., and other property, in the business district of Paterson, N. J., destroyed; loss, \$200,000.
Obituary: James Stephens, the noted Fenian leader of the last Irish uprising, in Dublin; aged 73.
Obituary: Roland Reed, the actor, in New York city; aged 48.
The Rev. John Jayce of "Sun do more" celebrity, at Richmond, Va.
Personal: Gen. Frederick Funston appointed brigadier general in the regular army.
Fire: The Santiago Park hotel, a noted bath resort of Paterson, N. J., which originally cost \$200,000, destroyed.
Fire: The *Memphis* Hudson hotel, a new structure at Yorkers, N. Y., burned; loss, \$200,000.
At Kansas City the 1414 Patterson Packing Co. burned out; loss, \$400,000.

APRIL.
1. At Montreal, the terminal of the Montreal Manufacturing Co. destroyed; loss over \$1,000,000.
Obituary: Gen. T. C. (Chaffin) Anderson, a noted ex-confederate, at Annapolis, Md.; aged 78.
Fire: At London, the English National Theatre, in London.
Fire: At St. Louis, the chimney of the St. Louis Strangers Co. burned; loss, \$100,000.
Obituary: John W. Brown, a noted abolitionist, at New York; aged 79.
Fire: At Jamaica Plain, Mass., the Standard Oil Company's building burned; loss, \$100,000.
Obituary: Mrs. John W. Brown, a noted abolitionist, at New York; aged 79.
Fire: The principal palace at Berlin, Germany, destroyed; loss, \$1,000,000.
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At Kansas City the 1414 Patterson Packing Co. burned out; loss, \$400,000.

MAY.
1. Fire: 148 blocks burned in Jacksonville, Fla.; loss (estimated), \$15,000,000.
Sporting: Banquet won the Metropolitan Handicap at Saratoga.
Fire: In Philadelphia, Webb & Co.'s warehouse burned; loss over \$200,000.
Fire: Loss of \$200,000 by the burning of the Fire Tool plant at Lowell, Mass.; loss, \$200,000.
Financial: Panic in Wall street over a corner in Northern Pacific.
Sporting: Santos won the English Jubilee.
Fire: Del Ray, a suburb of Detroit, swept by fire; loss, \$500,000.
Shipwreck: Steamer City of Paducah sank at Grand Tower, Ill., carrying down 2 passengers and 22 sailors.
Explosion: 6 miners killed and 5 fatally injured at the Georges Creek Coal and Iron Co. mine, near Frederick, Md.; loss, \$100,000.
Fire: At Philadelphia, N. J., the American steam laundry burned; loss, \$100,000.
Labor Troubles: During a trolley strike at Albany the militia fired into a crowd, killing 2 children.
Fire: Thomas B. Vannamaker's country house at Meadowbrook Farms destroyed; loss (estimated), \$500,000.
Obituary: M. W. Prentiss, first president of the Transvaal Republic, at Johannesburg; aged 58.
Obituary: Gen. Fitz John Porter, U. S. A., retired, a noted Federal leader during the civil war, at Morristown, N. J.; aged 79.
Pan-American Exposition: The fair opened to the public.
Floods: 8 lives lost and property valued at \$1,000,000 destroyed by floods in East Tennessee.
Obituary: Ex-Congressman Charles A. Boutwell of Maine, a noted Republican leader, at Waterville, Me.; aged 71.
Shipwreck: The Norwegian bark *Esda* run down off Sable Island by the steamer *Ohio* of the Wilson line and 11 of the crew lost.
Explosion: Over 30 deaths by explosion in the Canadian colliery, at St. Catharines, Ont.
Shipwreck: Steamer Baltimore lost in a storm on Lake Huron, near Au Sable; 12 sailors lost.
Sporting: Conroy won the Brooklyn Handicap at Gravesend.
Accidents: 5 killed and many injured in a trolley crash at Albany.
Explosion: 21 miners killed by an explosion in the Richmond mine, near Dayton, Tenn.
Drowning Accident: 7 fishermen drowned by the loss of a rowboat at Flat Rock dam, South Africa.
South African War: The British under Gen. Buller lost 174 killed and wounded in a desperate fight at Vlodovostin, on the Durban-Johannesburg railroad, with Boers under Gen. Delany.

JUNE.
1. Fire: The town of Jasper, Jasper county, Tex., destroyed; loss, \$100,000.
Obituary: James A. Herne, noted American character actor, in New York city; aged 61.
Sporting: Volodykovsky won the English Derby.
Obituary: William O. Brown, an 18th century writer, poet and G. A. R. editor, at Montclair, N. J.; aged 82.
Sporting: Cap and Bella II won the Cons Stakes at Epsom.
Storm: 12 people killed and many injured by hail and cloudburst in Oklahoma.
Obituary: Edward Moran, noted painter of marine and landscape scenes, in New York city; aged 72.
Disaster: 16 deaths in a mine explosion in the Port Royal mines at Port Royal, Va.
Obituary: Walter Besant, noted English novelist and author, in London; aged 65.
Robert Buchanan, English poet, novelist and dramatist, in London; aged 49.
South African War: The Transvaal Boers surprised the Australian Mounted rifles in camp near Wolmaransburg, killing and wounding 60 officers and men and capturing two pomgoms.
Fire: At West Baden, Ind., the West Baden Hotel, a noted resort, destroyed; loss, \$1,000,000.
Obituary: The Empire theater burned; loss, \$100,000.
Obituary: Gen. Max Weber, a German veteran of the American civil war, in New York city; aged 77.
Sporting: Alcock won the Suburban Handicap, at Sheepheaf Park.
Fire: The Grand Prix at Longchamps.
Obituary: Hapza S. Plingee, ex-governor of Michigan, in London; aged 61.
Louis Adolphe, noted American actor, at Kennebunkport, Me.; aged 65.
Obituary: Gen. John B. Churchill, noted veteran of the civil war, at Anna, Ill.; aged 79.
Obituary: Gen. Robert Nugent, noted Irish brigade leader in the civil war, in New York city; aged 79.
Fire: In St. Louis, the Sticks Sashery plant and other property destroyed; loss, \$500,000.
At Peer Lake, Minn., the mill of the Toner Lumber Co. destroyed; loss, \$500,000.
Fire: 2 people killed and many injured by windstorm in the New York Palace, New York.
Political Assassination: Foshl Tera, noted Japanese statesman, formerly minister to Washington, assassinated for political reasons.
Disaster: 17 deaths from a fireworks explosion at Patterson, N. Y.
Shipwreck: 6 deaths in the wrecking of the British bark *Delaware* off the coast of California, on Bishop's rock.
Sporting: Bishop Waddell won the Chicago Derby.

JULY.
1. Fire: At Pittsburg, 4 deaths, and property valued at \$500,000 destroyed.
Fire: In Newark, N. J., a brush factory and other property burned; loss, \$200,000.
Obituary: Heinrich von Schlegel, noted German writer and diplomat, at Cassel, Prussia; aged 83.
Financial Trouble: The Seventh National bank of New York city suspended payment.
Sporting: Yale won the varsity race over Harvard at New Haven, Conn.
Financial Trouble: Morgan & Co., 170 members in New York city, failed, with heavy liabilities.
Fire: In the business district of Bradford, Pa., the main building of the Bradford Iron Works Co. burned; loss, \$1,000,000.
Personal: Maj. Gen. W. R. Shafter retired from active service and transferred to the command of the 4th regiment of California to Gen. S. B. M. Young.

AUGUST.
1. Fire: In St. Louis, loss, \$350,000 by the destruction of the Modern-Lithuan Sash and Door Co.'s plant.
Obituary: Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany, queen of Emperor Frederick, mother of the reigning Kaiser and eldest granddaughter of Queen Victoria, at Cambridge; aged 81.
Explosion: 20 killed and 100 injured by naphthalene in Philadelphia; 6 buildings demolished.
Obituary: Gen. James S. Negley, a noted leader in the Federal army in the west, at Philadelphia, N. J.; aged 75.
Shipwreck: 7 sailors of the steamer *Elmore* drowned in a collision of that ship with the White Star ocean liner *Oceanic* in the Irish Sea.
South African War: Gen. Kitchener proclaimed to the Boers in arms that they would be pardoned from South Africa unless they surrendered before Sept. 15.
Obituary: Prince Henri of Orleans, the Algonquin, chief of the House of Orleans, who served in the American civil war, at St. Leon, French Cordon Chateau; aged 34.
Obituary: Billy Hayes, well known hotel man, in Boston; aged 74.
Obituary: William O. Brown, an 18th century writer, poet and G. A. R. editor, at Montclair, N. J.; aged 82.
Sporting: Cap and Bella II won the Cons Stakes at Epsom.
Storm: 12 people killed and many injured by hail and cloudburst in Oklahoma.
Obituary: Edward Moran, noted painter of marine and landscape scenes, in New York city; aged 72.
Disaster: 16 deaths in a mine explosion in the Port Royal mines at Port Royal, Va.
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Fire: In St. Louis, the Sticks Sashery plant and other property destroyed; loss, \$500,000.
At Peer Lake, Minn., the mill of the Toner Lumber Co. destroyed; loss, \$500,000.
Fire: 2 people killed and many injured by windstorm in the New York Palace, New York.
Political Assassination: Foshl Tera, noted Japanese statesman, formerly minister to Washington, assassinated for political reasons.
Disaster: 17 deaths from a fireworks explosion at Patterson, N. Y.
Shipwreck: 6 deaths in the wrecking of the British bark *Delaware* off the coast of California, on Bishop's rock.
Sporting: Bishop Waddell won the Chicago Derby.

SEPTEMBER.
1. Fire: In St. Louis, loss, \$350,000 by the destruction of the Modern-Lithuan Sash and Door Co.'s plant.
Obituary: Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany, queen of Emperor Frederick, mother of the reigning Kaiser and eldest granddaughter of Queen Victoria, at Cambridge; aged 81.
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Fire: At West Baden, Ind., the West Baden Hotel, a noted resort, destroyed; loss, \$1,000,000.
Obituary: The Empire theater burned; loss, \$100,000.
Obituary: Gen. Max Weber, a German veteran of the American civil war, in New York city; aged 77.
Sporting: Alcock won the Suburban Handicap, at Sheepheaf Park.
Fire: The Grand Prix at Longchamps.
Obituary: Hapza S. Plingee, ex-governor of Michigan, in London; aged 61.
Louis Adolphe, noted American actor, at Kennebunkport, Me.; aged 65.
Obituary: Gen. John B. Churchill, noted veteran of the civil war, at Anna, Ill.; aged 79.
Obituary: Gen. Robert Nugent, noted Irish brigade leader in the civil war, in New York city; aged 79.
Fire: In St. Louis, the Sticks Sashery plant and other property destroyed; loss, \$500,000.
At Peer Lake, Minn., the mill of the Toner Lumber Co. destroyed; loss, \$500,000.
Fire: 2 people killed and many injured by windstorm in the New York Palace, New York.
Political Assassination: Foshl Tera, noted Japanese statesman, formerly minister to Washington, assassinated for political reasons.
Disaster: 17 deaths from a fireworks explosion at Patterson, N. Y.
Shipwreck: 6 deaths in the wrecking of the British bark *Delaware* off the coast of California, on Bishop's rock.
Sporting: Bishop Waddell won the Chicago Derby.

NOVEMBER.
1. Fire: In St. Louis, loss, \$350,000 by the destruction of the Modern-Lithuan Sash and Door Co.'s plant.
Obituary: Dowager Empress Frederick of Germany, queen of Emperor Frederick, mother of the reigning Kaiser and eldest granddaughter of Queen Victoria, at Cambridge; aged 81.
Explosion: 20 killed and 100 injured by naphthalene in Philadelphia; 6 buildings demolished.
Obituary: Gen. James S. Negley, a noted leader in the Federal army in the west, at Philadelphia, N. J.; aged 75.
Shipwreck: 7 sailors of the steamer *Elmore* drowned in a collision of that ship with the White Star ocean liner *Oceanic* in the Irish Sea.
South African War: Gen. Kitchener proclaimed to the Boers in arms that they would be pardoned from South Africa unless they surrendered before Sept. 15.
Obituary: Prince Henri of Orleans, the Algonquin, chief of the House of Orleans, who served in the American civil war, at St. Leon, French Cordon Chateau; aged 34.
Obituary: Billy Hayes, well known hotel man, in Boston; aged 74.
Obituary: William O. Brown, an 18th century writer, poet and G. A. R. editor, at Montclair, N. J.; aged 82.
Sporting: Cap and Bella II won the Cons Stakes at Epsom.
Storm: 12 people killed and many injured by hail and cloudburst in Oklahoma.
Obituary: Edward Moran, noted painter of marine and landscape scenes, in New York city; aged 72.
Disaster: 16 deaths in a mine explosion in the Port Royal mines at Port Royal, Va.
Obituary: Walter Besant, noted English novelist and author, in London; aged 65.
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